## BYLAW 1439/19 ROAD CLOSURE BYLAW STURGEON COUNTY, ALBERTA

BYLAW 1439/19 BEING A BYLAW OF STURGEON COUNTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLOSING TO PUBLIC TRAVEL AND CREATING TITLE TO PORTIONS OF A PUBLIC HIGHWAY.

**WHEREAS,** in accordance with section 22 of the *Municipal Government Act*, RSA 2000, c.M-26, and amendments thereto provides that a municipality may by bylaw close a road, and

WHEREAS, the lands herein described are no longer required for public travel, and

WHEREAS, application has been made to Council to have the highway closed, and

**WHEREAS,** the Council of Sturgeon County deems it expedient to provide for a bylaw for the purpose of closing to public travel certain roads, or portions thereof, situated in the said municipality, and thereafter disposing of same, and

**WHEREAS,** notice of intention of Council to pass a bylaw has been given in accordance with section 606 of the *Municipal Government Act*, and

**WHEREAS,** Council was not petitioned for an opportunity to be heard by any person claiming to be prejudicially affected by the bylaw.

**NOW THEREFORE** that the Council of Sturgeon County, in the Province of Alberta does hereby close to public travel for the purpose of creating title to, the following described highways, subject to rights of access granted by other legislation:

Road Plan 3842R All of Road Plan 3842R, lying within SE1/4 Sec. 11-56-22-4 containing 0.938ha (2.32 Ac), more or less.

That this Bylaw shall come into force and take effect upon the date of third reading and signing in accordance with Section 213 of the *Municipal Government Act*, RSA 2000 c.M-26, and amendments thereto.

 Read a first time this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_.
 MAYOR

 COUNTY COMMISSIONER

 APPROVED this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_.

 Read a second time this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_.

 Read a third time this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_.

 Read a third time this \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_\_20\_\_.

 MAYOR

 COUNTY COMMISSIONER

 DATE SIGNED

 If any portion of this bylaw is declared invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, then the invalid portion must be severed and the remainder of the bylaw is deemed valid.